



SAVITRIBAI PHULE PUNE UNIVERSITY

(formerly University of Pune)

F. Y. B. A. Sociology

Syllabus

(Semester & Choice Based Credit System)

(To be implemented from the Academic Year, 2019-20)

Savitribai Phule Pune University

F. Y. B. A. Sociology

(w.e.f. June 2019-20)

Total Credits : 03

Semester – I

Introduction to Sociology

Semester – II

Sociology: Social Institutions and Change

F. Y. B. A. Sociology

(CBCS pattern to be implemented from 2019-2020)

G-1 General Paper

Total Credits : 03

Semester – I

Introduction to Sociology

Objectives:

1. To understand the social context of emergence of Sociology.
2. To introduce basic sociological concepts and subject matter and perspectives of Sociology
3. To familiarize students with new avenues in Sociology.

I. Emergence of Sociology as a Discipline. (16)

- a. Emergence of Sociology - Western and Non-Western background, Enlightenment (French and industrial Revolution)
- b. Definitions, Nature (Scientific and Humanist) and subject matter of Sociology.
- c. Sociological Imagination: Beyond Commonsense
- d. Diverse fields and career opportunities in Sociology.

II. Basic Concepts in Sociology. (12)

- a. Society: Definitions, Characteristics and Changing Types of Society (Gathering and Hunting, Agriculture, Industrial and Neo Liberal).
- b. Groups, associations and Social Networks – Concepts and Characteristics

III. Culture, Inequality and Social Exclusion (20)

- a. Culture -Definition, Characteristics, Aspects.
- b. Types of Culture –Folk, Mass, Popular, Subculture, Counter Culture.
- c. Ethnocentrism, Xenophobia, Multiculturalism and hybridization
- d. Social stratification and Social Inequality – Concept and Bases (caste, class, gender, ethnicity and age)
- e. Social Exclusion – Meaning and Dimensions (Economic, Political, Occupational and Cultural)

Semester - II

Sociology: Social Institutions and Change

Objectives:

1. To acquaint students with basic institutions of Society with its newer dimensions.
2. To develop critical understanding of the functioning of social institutions.
3. To acquaint students with the concept and current versions of social change.

I. Social Institutions -I (18)

- a. Family and kinship, Marriage – meaning, forms and changing trends. (Singlehood, cohabitation, Mixed Family, Gay- Lesbian Marriages).
- b. Polity: Meaning Forms. (Monarchy, Democracy, Totalitarianism, Authoritarianism, Neo-liberal state)
- c. Economy: Meaning, History and Models. (Capitalism, Socialism, Mixed Economy, Neo liberal)

II. Social Institutions -II (18)

- a. Religion: Meaning, Forms, Secularization
- b. Education – Meaning, Forms (Formal , Non-formal and Role), Challenges in Higher Education
- c. Media – Meaning, Types (Print, Electronic, Social Media and Role) Relevance of Mass Media in Contemporary Society

III. Social Change (12)

- a. Social change : Concept and Characteristics
- b. Technology, State, Civil Society and Social movement.
- c. Modernization, Development and Globalization

Essential Readings:

1. Macoinis, J. J.,Plummer, K.(2014). *Sociology –A Global Introduction*, New Delhi .Pearsons.
2. Scott, J. (2006). *Sociology- Key Concepts*. New York: Routledge Publication.
3. Haralambos,M., Heald, R.M. (2001). *Sociology: Themes and Perspectives*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
4. Haralambos, M., Holborn, M. (2007). *Sociology: Themes and Perspectives*.London: Harper Collins Publication.
5. Tischler, Whitten and Hunter, ‘*Introduction to Sociology*’, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1983
6. Bhasin, K. (2000). *Understanding Gender?* New Delhi: Kali for Women.
7. Ahuja, R. (2011). *Society in India*. Jaipur:Rawat Publication.
8. Zygmunt, B. (1990). *Thinking Sociologically*. Blackwell.
9. Dasgupta, S., Shah Paulomi, ‘*The Introduction to Sociology*’, Pearson Publication, 2012
10. Ritzer George, ‘*Globalization: A Basic Text*’, 2nd Edition, 2015
11. साळुंखे, स. (2006). समाजशास्त्रातील मूलभूत संकल्पना. पुणे : नरेंद्र प्रकाशन.
12. मारुलकर, वि. (2007). समाजशास्त्र परिचय. कोल्हापुर : फडके प्रकाशन.
13. गगनग्रास, ज्यो., येवले, सु.(2013). ‘समाजशास्त्राचा परिचय. पुणे : निराली प्रकाशन.
14. शाह, घ. (2017). सामाजिक चळवळ. पुणे : सेज भाषा.
15. तांबे, श्रुती. लिंगभाव समजून घेताना, लोकवाङ्मय गृह प्रकाशन
16. आहुजा, रा.(2007). *भारतीय समाज*. जयपुर:रावत पब्लिकेशन.
17. पंडित, न. (2001) ‘जागतिकीकरण आणि महाराष्ट्र’, लोकवाङ्मय गृह प्रकाशन
18. सोमण, मा. शं., सावळे, सं.(2016). समाजशास्त्रीय विचार. पुणे:डायमंड प्रकाशन.

Reference Books:

1. Giddens, A. (2009). *Sociology (Sixth Edition)*. London: Polity Press.
2. Giddens, Anthony, Duneier Mitchell and Appelbaum Richard P. Carr Deborah. ‘*Essentials of Sociology*’, W. W. Norton and Company. New York. 2017
3. Horton and Hunt, (1976). *Sociology*. Tokyo:MacGraw Hill.
4. Rawat, H.K. (2007). *Sociology*. Jaipur:Rawat Publications.
5. Vidyabhushan and Sachdeva, (2003). *Introduction to Sociology*. New Delhi:KitabMahal.
6. Rao, M.S.A. (1978). *Social Movements in India* (Vol.I& II).New Delhi: Manohar.
7. Deshpande, S. (2006). *Contemporary India, Sociological Perspectives*. Penguin Pub
8. Ritzer, G. (2011). *Sociological Theory*’, 8th Edition, Mac Grew Hill,
9. Handbook of Sociology, Oxford Publication
10. खातू, ग.(2004). ‘जागतिकीकरण: परिणाम आणि पर्याय, अक्षर प्रकाशन.
11. सिंग, ही.(2019). *जातिव्यवस्थेची नवी समीक्षा*. नवी दिल्ली : सेज भाषा